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itself, be provided free to all students. The policy would include details regarding any fees that are charged students, any items required of students but not provided, and any waiver policy in effect regarding either the fees or the required items. Next item concerns litigation. If an action is brought against a school district challenging the validity of a student fee policy and the plaintiff prevails, the court may be allowed, may be allowed to award litigation costs to the plaintiff. The school district would not be liable if it is deemed to have been acting in good faith. And I'll talk a little bit more about that later. Another point is reporting. A student fee fund is defined and all money collected from students would be deposited in this fund except admission fees for students spec... student spectators and charges for nutrition programs. The money would be disbursed from this fund for the purposes for which it is collected. To the extent that students are compelled to pay fees as a part of their public education experience, and they don't include admission fees or lunch programs, nutrition programs, that money would be deposited in a newly defined student fee fund. The next point is state aid impacts. Receipts deposited in the student fee fund, if in excess of a threshold amount, would be considered accountable receipts in the state aid formula. If, in fact, the amount of money you collect from students in fees exceeds a threshold percentages... percentage, excuse me, of your General Fund operating expenses, and in the first year that is now in the bill as 3 percent, then anything over that 3 percent amount would be considered an accountable receipt in the state aid formula and thereby would count as a dollar for dollar reduction for an equalized school in state aid. A final component of the proposal is the revision of an eye protection statute. Schools would be required to provide eye protection devices to students and teachers for courses in which they are required. The current statute, interestingly, allows schools to sell or rent eye protection devices to students and teachers but requires the school to provide the devices free to visitors. This change would simply require that where it is appropriate, where these eye protection devices are required, the school would be required to provide them. So these are the main components of what the committee has to offer to you. And I would emphasize again the overlying or the overarching themes here are that